

# Download High Resolution And Karyotype Protocol

Comparative genomic hybridization is a molecular cytogenetic method for analysing copy number variations (CNVs) relative to ploidy level in the DNA of a test sample compared to a reference sample, without the need for culturing cells. Showing search results for "chromosome analysis" 1-10 of 268. Chromosome Analysis, Tissue. Autosomal or sex chromosome mosaicism not detected in lymphocytes may be determined in fibroblasts obtained from a tissue biopsy. Fluorescence in situ hybridization (FISH) is a molecular cytogenetic technique that uses fluorescent probes that bind to only those parts of the chromosome with a high degree of sequence complementarity. B- and T-cell gene rearrangement PCR. HematoLogics Inc. offers B-Cell (IGH & IGK) and T-Cell Receptor (TCRG) Gene rearrangement assays to detect monoclonal cell populations in peripheral blood, bone marrow, body fluids and tissues (fresh or paraffin-embedded).