

Download Clinical Imaging Of Spinal Trauma

Indications for spinal immobilisation. Very few studies define the criteria used to decide who is at risk from cervical spine injury. Background: It has been common practice in trauma to place patients in cervical collars and on long backboards (LBBs) to achieve spinal immobilization. A spinal cord injury (SCI) is damage to the spinal cord that causes temporary or permanent changes in its function. Symptoms may include loss of muscle function, sensation, or autonomic function in the parts of the body served by the spinal cord below the level of the injury. Spinal stenosis (central, lateral recess or foraminal stenosis) graded as moderate, moderate to severe or severe (not mild or mild to moderate) with unremitting pain, with stenosis confirmed by imaging studies (e.g., CT or MRI) at the level corresponding to neurological findings, where symptoms have failed to respond to six weeks conservative ...