

Download Advanced Economics Of Development

role of geography and institutions in development, aid and development, growth, inequality, and poverty linkages, informal and fragmented labor markets, risk and insurance in agriculture, the economics of natural resources, and gender bias in developing countries. development economics at the graduate level. The course covers topics on methodological aspects of poverty measurement and policy evaluation and presents new directions of research in macro-economic and micro-economic aspects of development. Particular emphasis is given to the use of experimental approaches in research. Development economics is a branch of economics which deals with economic aspects of the development process in low-income countries. Its focus is not only on methods of promoting economic growth and structural change, but also on improving the potential for the population.

Sen, A. (1988) The Concept of Development, Handbook of Development Economics Vol. 1.
Ravallion and Chen (2008) The developing world is poorer than we thought but no less successful in fighting poverty, Quarterly Journal of Economics
Duclos, J. D. Sahn, and S. Younger (2006) Robust multidimensional poverty comparisons, Economic Journal 116: 943-968.